The Fate of Phytosterols, Tocopherols, Polyphenols, and α-Linolenic Acid after Screw Pressing of Oilseeds under Argon Atmosphere

After Screw Pressing of Oilseeds under Argon Atmosphere

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The design of Screw Pressing of Flaxseeds and Hemp Seeds under Argon Atmosphere



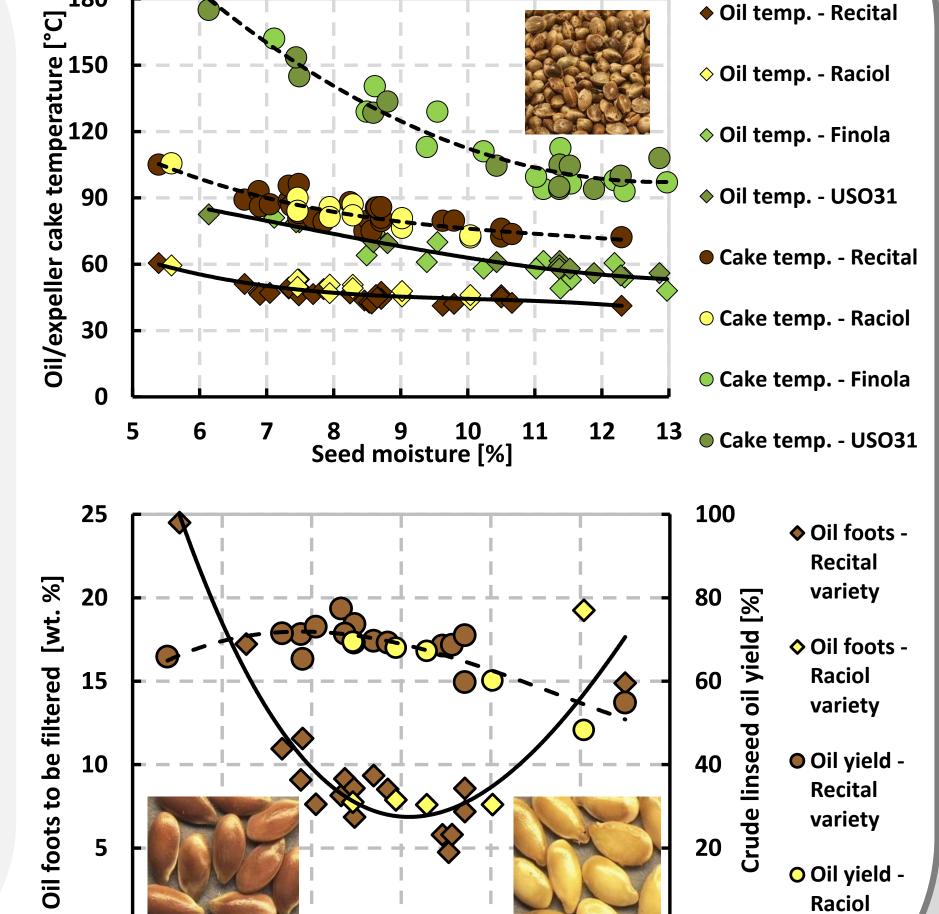
Current state of knowledge:

- Current growing demand for minor oilseed processing is related to the consumption of functional foods and nutraceuticals.
- Linseeds and hemp seeds are excellent sources of essential fatty acid, lignans, phenolic acids, fiber and various minerals.
- > Lignans and their metabolites have (anti)estrogenic properties.

Importance to the field:

- Special design of screw presses for the processing of oilseeds in the modified atmosphere of argon is an original approach.
- The study was devoted to the effect of screw pressing on the yield of bioactive compounds (tocopherols, phytosterols, pigments).
- Protective atmosphere was minimizing the risk of undesired autoxidation reactions.

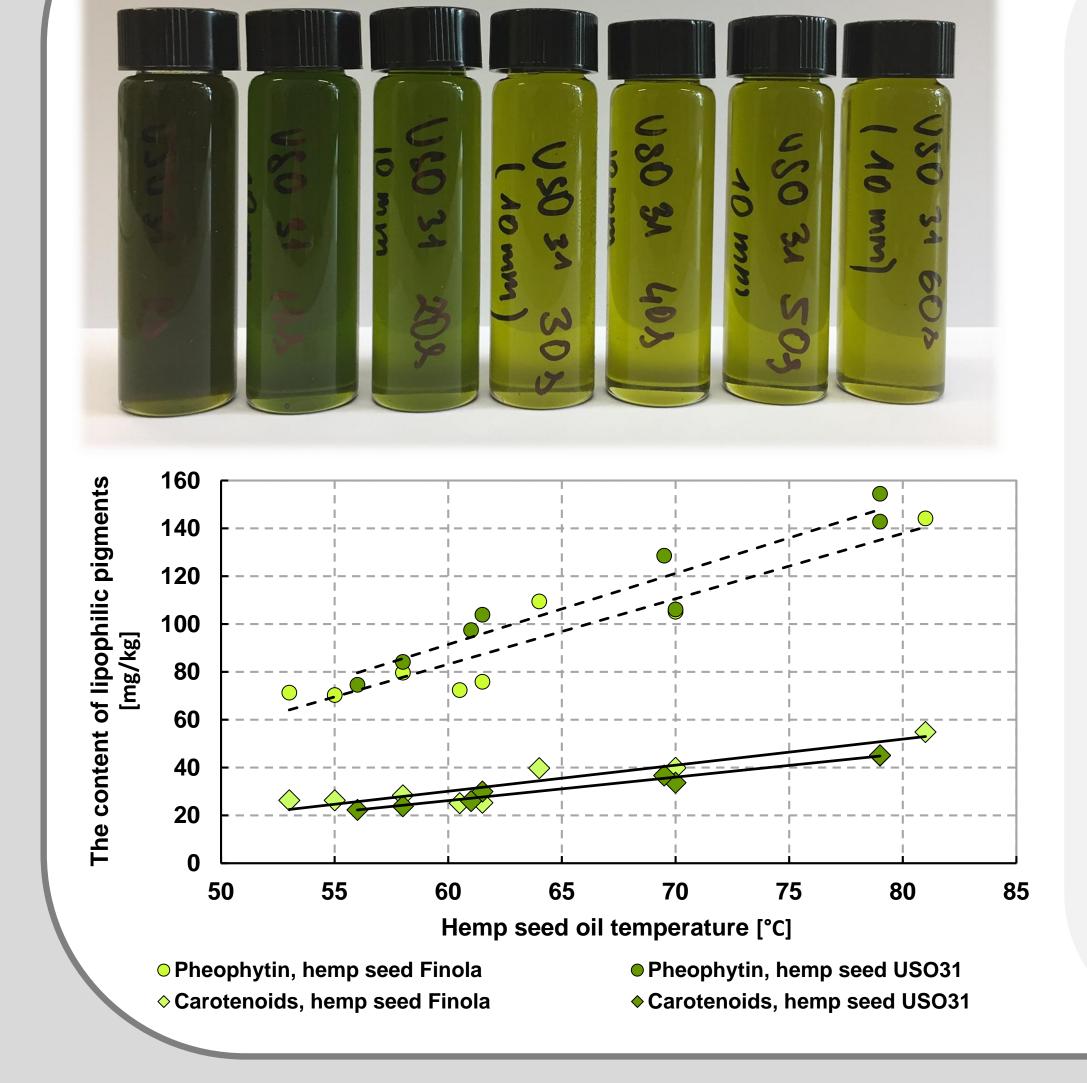
Optimization of flaxseed and hemp seed screw pressing: dissipation of mechanical energy



variety

The Control of Prooxidant and Antioxidant Contents and Synthesis of Oxidation Markers

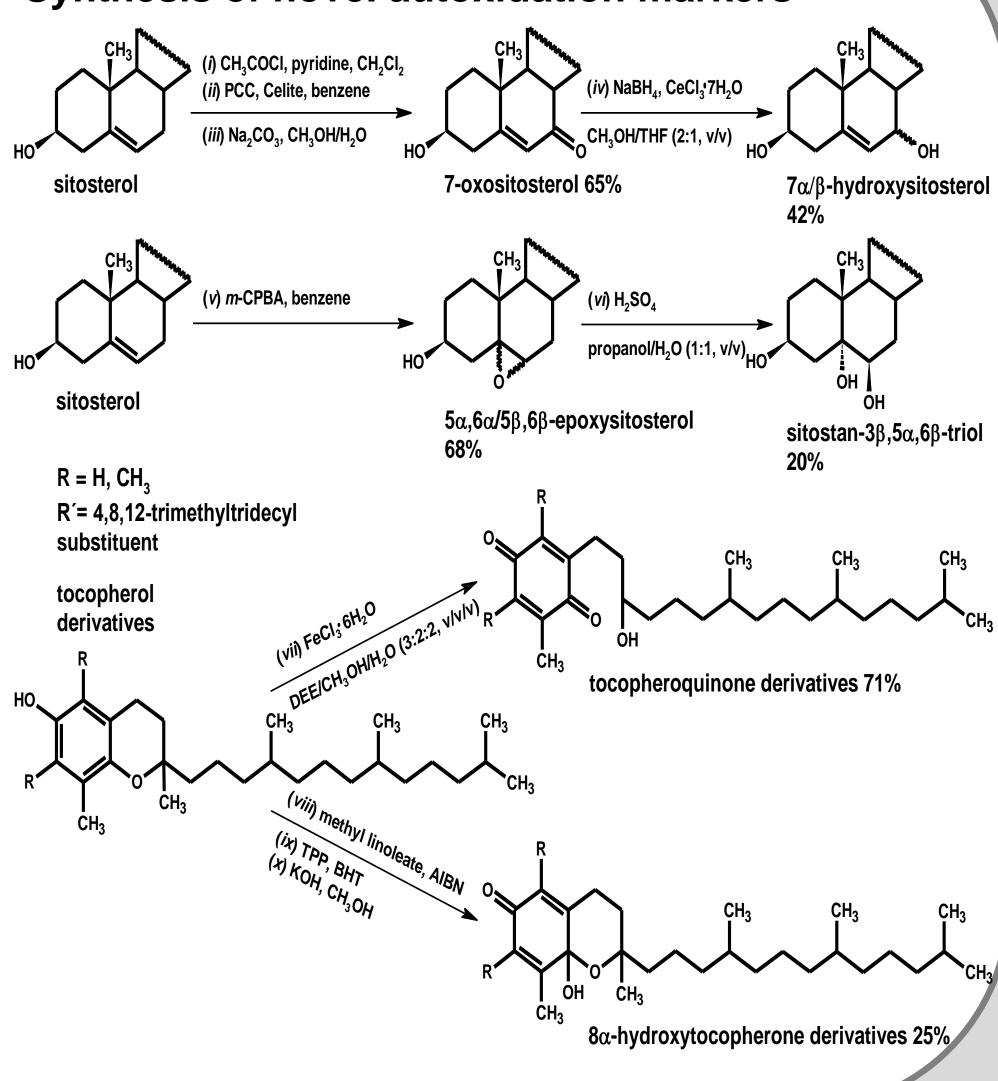
The control of Prooxidant Contents



- The aim of the screw pressing optimization conditions was an effective protection of nutraceuticals and other beneficial compounds prone to oxidative damage.
- > Temperature-dependent isolation of pigments (pheophytins, carotenoids) was observed.
- Dissipation of mechanical energy doubled the content of pheophytins.
- > The higher the screw pressing temperature, the higher the content of γ-tocopherol (223 416 mg/kg).
- Novel markers such as *ortho*-and *para-*tocopherylquinones, 5,6-epoxy-, 7-hydroxy-, 7-oxophytosterols; and polyphenol oxidation products were synthetized and characterized by EI-MS, APCI-MS and 1D/2D NMR techniques.

Synthesis of novel autoxidation markers

Seed moisture [wt. %]



The Shelf-life of Flaxseed/Hempseed Oils Isolated with and without Protective Atmosphere of Argon

The fate of polyunsaturated fatty acids 1,2E+06 △ Hexanal, Ar atmosphere 1,0E+06 ▲ Hexanal, without 8,0E+05 Nonadienal, Ar atmosphere 6,0E+05 ♦ Nonadienal, 4,0E+05 without inert Peroxide value, 2,0E+05 Ar atmosphere Peroxide value, 0,0E+00 15 20 25 Time [day] Activation energy Predicted induction period Atmosphere 5 °C (years) 20 °C (months) period [h] (kJ/mol) **70** 55,1 -9,2 -11,1 103,2 2,3 Induction Induction period without inert **20** Induction period -10 90 100 110 120 130 140

Temperature [° C]

- In the second part of the study, ageing of selected compounds was investigated in oilseed products under conditions simulating storage by consumers (5, 25 °C).
- ➤ Initial peroxide values of vegetable oils did not exceed the level of 1 meq act. O/kg.
- Application of protective atmosphere resulted in the lower formation of volatile carbonyl compounds. Moreover, oxidation products of phytosterol and tocopherols (10°-10¹ mg/kg) were detected only for unprotected oils.
- ➤ Two dominant secoisolariciresinol oxidation products were observed in total ion current profile. First compound was identified as (+)-cyclolariciresinol, known as isolariciresinol, and second compound was identified as semiquinone lignan derivative.

